



**THE PUBLIC ORDER LAW [1997] REVISION
APPLICATION TO HOLD PUBLIC PROSESSION**

Name of organizer:	
Name of organization:	
Email address:	
Telephone number:	
Purpose of procession:	
Proposed date:	
Starting time:	
Starting place:	
Route to be followed (attach map/photograph if available):	
Estimated number of participants:	
Estimated number of vehicles, if any:	
Any other additional information:	
Finishing point:	
Estimated finishing time:	

I have read and understand the conditions attached to this form relating to Part II – Processions of the Public Order Law (1997) Revision.

Signature of Applicant: _____

Permission is hereby granted/refused to hold the procession:

- (a) In accordance with the details as requested.
- (b) Subject to the following conditions:

Dated: _____

Signature: _____
POLICE COMMISSIONER

Please note that if an application is not submitted, to the Commissioner of Police, at least three (3) days before such intended procession, the application will be refused.

The Public Order Law (11 of 1973)
(1997) Revision

Permit required for
procession

3. It shall not be lawful for any procession to take place unless a permit has been granted in respect thereof.

Application for permit

4. (1) Any person desiring to organise a procession shall, at least three days before such intended procession, make application to the Commissioner for a permit.

(2) Every application for a permit shall set forth the names and addresses of the organisers of the procession, the proposed point of departure, route and point of termination of the proposed procession, the proposed date and times within which the procession will take place and an estimate of the number of people who are expected to take part.

Power to grant or refuse
permit

5. (1) Upon receipt of an application made to him under section 4(1), the Commissioner shall grant such application by issuing to the applicant a permit in writing, unless having regard to all the circumstances, the Commissioner has reasonable grounds for apprehending that the procession may give rise to public disorder, in which case he may-

- (a) to grant a permit; or
- (b) grant a permit subject to such directions and conditions to be observed by those organising or taking part in the procession as appear to him to be advisable in the interests of the maintenance of public order, including conditions as to timing and routing the procession and prohibiting it from entering or making use of areas therein prescribed.

(2) In any event, the Commissioner may impose conditions calculated to prevent obstruction of traffic and inconvenience to the public in general.

(3) In the event of refusal by the Commissioner to grant a permit, or the imposition by him of directions or conditions which appear to the applicant to be unduly onerous, the applicant may appeal to the Governor whose decision shall be final and binding on all persons.

6. If the Commissioner has reasonable grounds for apprehending that a procession which is taking place may occasion public disorder, obstruct traffic or interfere unduly with the convenience of the public, he may give directions imposing upon the persons organising or taking part in such procession such conditions as appear to him to be desirable, including re-routing such procession and prohibiting it from entering any specified place; and in any directions so given may vary the directions or conditions attached to any permit.

7. (1) The Commissioner may require any person leading or controlling or appearing to lead or control any procession, otherwise than in accordance with the terms of a permit, to call upon such procession to disperse.

Leader of a procession may be required to call upon such procession to disperse

(2) Whoever, being required under subsection (1) to call upon a procession to disperse, fails to comply forthwith with such requirement is guilty of an offence

8. Whoever takes part in any procession –

Persons who take part in an unauthorised procession are guilty of an offence

- (a) in respect of which a permit has not been obtained; or
- (b) otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions of a permit or conditions imposed under section 5(1),

is guilty of an offence

9. Whoever organises, attempts to organise or incites, aids or abets any person to organise or take part in a procession, the taking part in which would be an offence under section 8, is guilty of an offence.

Organisation, etc., of an unauthorised procession is an offence