



RCIPS

Crime and Traffic Statistics 2018

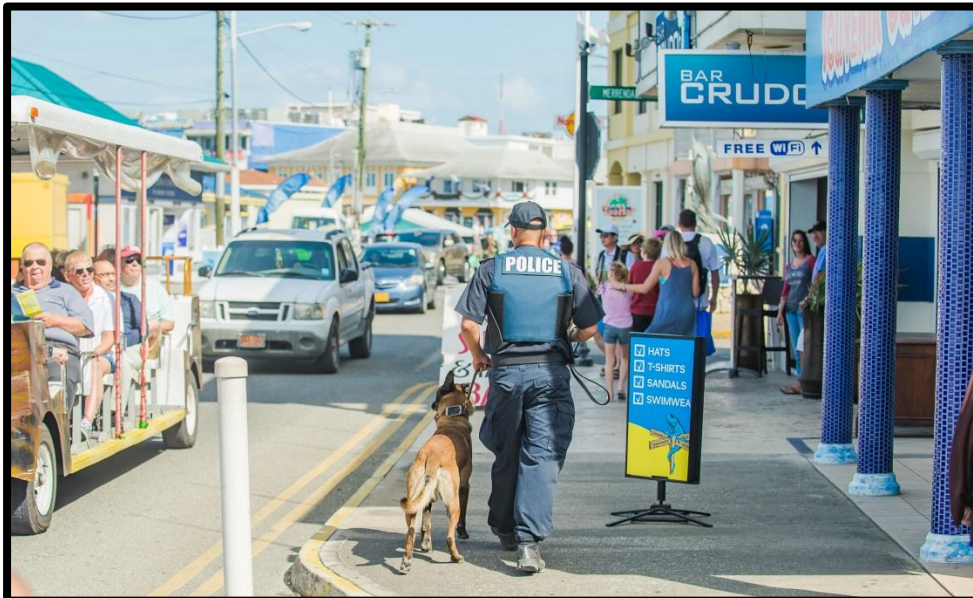


Figure 1: **Cumulative Totals of Crimes, 2018 vs. 2017.**

Crime Statistics for Cumulative Period January 01 - 31 December 2018 vs January 01 - 31 December 2017			
CRIMES	2018 Crimes	2017 Crimes	Rate Of Change 17-18
Serious Crimes			
Murder	4	2	2
Attempted Murder	9	4	5
Manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	17	17	0
Attempted Rape	3	1	2
Robbery	40	30	10
Attempted Robbery	9	5	4
Assault GBH/Wounding	41	45	-4
Firearm	10	26	-16
Drugs	196	172	24
Aggravated Burglary	4	5	-1
Burglary	324	510	-186
Attempted Burglary	66	85	-19
Criminal Trespass (Damage/Non Damage)	111	149	-38
Abduction/Kidnapping/Wrongful Confinement	3	0	3
Arson	16	13	3
Defilement	9	7	2
Assault ABH	448	379	69
Indecent Assaults	25	35	-10
Serious Crimes TOTAL	1335	1485	-150
Other Crimes			
Common Assault	265	186	79
Carrying restricted/Offensive Weapons	12	13	-1
Damage to Property	400	420	-20
Use ICT to Harass, Annoy, Threaten or Defraud	85	71	14
Motor Vehicle Theft	68	51	17
Other Theft Offences	617	702	-85
Public Order Offences	671	672	-1
Other Crimes TOTAL	2118	2115	3
All Other Crimes (Type Not Recorded Above)	120	135	-15
OVERALL TOTAL	3453	3600	-147

Figure 2: **Burglary/Att. Burglary** by Districts, 2018 vs 2017.

BURGLARY/ATT - NATIONAL	2018 Crimes	2017 Crimes	Rate Of Change 17-18
Burglary/Att	RP	RP	-/+
Overall Total	390	595	-205
Residential	267	418	-151
Non-Residential	123	177	-54
George Town	207	283	-76
West Bay	59	85	-26
Bodden Town	67	157	-90
East End	16	17	-1
Northside	28	36	-8
Cayman Brac	12	15	-3
Little Cayman	1	2	-1

Figure 2 describes the combined Burglary and Attempted Burglary figures across all districts for 2018, and also provides a breakdown of cumulative totals of residential and commercial burglaries. Please note that these figures do not include Criminal Trespass.

Figure 3: **Firearms and Other Weapons**, 2018 vs 2017.

FIREARMS CRIMES	2018 Crimes	2017 Crimes	Rate Of Change 17 - 18
	RP	RP	-/+
FIREARMS Offences TOTAL	10	26	-16
Importation of an Unlicensed Firearm/Ammunition	0	2	-2
Possession of Unlicensed Firearm	4	14	-10
Possession of Unlicensed Firearm (Ammunition)	2	2	0
Discharging Firearms	3	3	0
Possession of a Bullet Proof Vest	0	1	-1
Possession of Imitation Firearm	0	4	-4
Unlawful Use of Firearms	1	0	1

The cumulative crime total for Firearms offences in Figure 1 is broken down in *Figure 3* into seven different categories.¹

¹ Those crimes where a firearm was used in the commission of a more serious offence, such as murder or robbery, are not included in this table. Those incidents would be counted only under the heading of the primary offence as per the UK National Counting Rules. See Section 7 of the accompanying narrative report.

Figure 4: **Robbery and Attempted Robbery by Type, 2018 v. 2017.**

ROBBERY	2018	2017	Rate of change
Robbery - of Establishment or Institution	11	14	-3
Robbery - of cash or goods in transit	3	2	1
Robbery - from person	26	14	12
Attempted Robbery - of Establishment or Institution	5	1	4
Attempted Robbery - of cash or goods in transit	0	1	-1
Attempted Robbery - from a person	4	3	1

Robberies rose by 33% increase across the Cayman Islands in 2018, while attempted robberies nearly doubled. *Figure 4* analyzes robbery offences by the target of the crime. Food trucks or food stands accounted for four (4) of the eleven (11) robberies of an establishment or institution.

Figure 5: **RCIPS Drug Seizures in 2018.**

Discrete drug packages forensically processed during 2018: 508		
Cannabis (Ganja)	Herbal Cannabis	Total Weight Herb Seized = 1124 kg/2489lbs.
Cocaine	Cocaine Hydrochloride	Total Weight Seized = 1.2kg
	Cocaine Base	Total Weight Seized = 52.1g
Ecstasy	MDMA	Total Weight Seized = 54.1g grams

Figure 5 is compiled based upon requests for forensic examinations of recovered drugs. In 2018, 508 requests were made for such forensic examinations. The total amount of ganja seized in 2018 of 2,489lbs. far surpasses the 2017 total of 1,635lbs.

Figure 6: **Drugs Offences 2018 vs 2017.**

DRUGS	2018 Crimes	2017 Crimes	Rate Of Change 17 / 18
Drugs	RP	RP	-/+
CONTROL DRUG CRIMES TOTAL	196	172	24
Importation of Ganja	3	4	-1
Importation of Cocaine	0	1	-1
Being Concern with the Importation of Ganja	3	0	3
Conspiracy to Import Controlled Drugs	0	1	-1
Exportation of a Control Drug	0	0	0
Smuggling (Drugs Other Contraband)	0	4	-4
Cultivating Ganja	2	2	0
Being Concern with Cultivating Ganja	0	1	-1
Possession of Control Drug Total	120	93	27
Possession of Ganja	102	83	19
Being Concern in the Possession of Ganja	5	3	2
Being Concern in the Possession of Cocaine	1	0	1
Possession of Cocaine	12	7	5
Possession of a control Drug (Not Cocaine or Ganja)	0	0	0
Consumption Total	39	24	15
Consumption of Ganja	35	20	15
Consumption of Cocaine	4	4	0
Consumption of a Controlled Drug (Not Cocaine or Ganja)	0	0	0
Possession of Control Drug for Sale or Supply Total	25	35	-10
Possession of Ganja with Intent to or Attempt to Supply	17	25	-8
Possession of Cocaine with intent to or Attempt to Supply	6	7	-1
Being Concerned in the Possession of Ganja with intent to Supply	1	2	-1
Being Concerned in the Possession of Cocaine with intent to Supply	1	0	1
Dealing in Cocaine or Ganja	0	1	-1
Possession of Drug Paraphernalia	4	6	-2
Failing to Provide Specimen of Urine	0	1	-1

The majority of drug offences reflected in *Figure 6* generally resulted in arrests which stemmed from proactive policing and police operations. In 2018, we have seen an increase of 14% (24) in drug crimes when compared to 2017. Possession of ganja increased by 23% (19) and possession of cocaine increased by 71% (5) when compared to 2017.

Figure 7: Cyber-Crime Incident by type, 2018 vs 2017

Cyber-Crime Incident Types	2018	2017	Rate of change 17-18
Business Email Compromise (BEC)	11	11	0
Business Email Spoofing (BES)	6	10	-4
Sextortion by Social Media and Instant Messenger	2	2	0
Sextortion with Password Email (New in 2018)	12	0	12
Phishing	6	17	-11
Spear-Phishing	2	0	2
Tech Support Scam	1	0	1
Social Media Impersonation/Fraud	12	2	10
Fraudulent Online Advertisement	4	2	2
Fraudulent Website	1	0	1
Social Engineering	2	0	2
Online Investment Scam	4	0	4
Online Employment Scam	1	0	1
Smishing/Vishing (Scam mobile texts and calls)	3	0	3
Fraudulent Business Email	1	0	1
Lottery Scam (Nigerian 419)	2	0	2
Romance Scam (Social Media)	2	0	2
Overall Total	72	44	28

Figure 7 provides a breakdown of the types of cyber-enabled scams tracked by the Financial Crimes Investigation Unit in 2018.

Figure 8: *Traffic Collision and Enforcement Statistics, 2018 v. 2017.*

TRAFFIC - NATIONAL	2018				2017				Year-on-Year Comparison		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2018 YTD	2017 YTD	Rate Of Change 17-18
Traffic Collisions and Enforcement	RP	RP	RP	RP	RP	RP	RP	RP	RP	RP	-/+
Fatal	3	3	1	1	0	1	1	1	8	3	5
Serious Injuries	11	5	10	9	10	4	7	10	35	31	4
Slight/Possible Injuries	64	38	45	51	81	75	62	54	198	272	-74
Damage Only	627	609	410	466	593	579	599	655	2112	2426	-314
Traffic Collision TOTAL	705	655	466	527	684	659	669	720	2353	2732	-379
Traffic Enforcement											
Driving Under the Influence	90	88	75	75	48	49	66	90	328	253	75
Using Mobile Phone Whilst Driving	178	199	143	93	160	79	187	168	613	594	19
Speeding	636	774	432	286	199	113	145	195	2128	652	1476
Driving Without Being Licensed	27	47	38	27	33	23	29	33	139	118	21
Driving Without Insurance	102	112	73	44	51	47	66	67	331	231	100
Failing to Wear Seat Belt	46	78	23	42	35	45	94	57	189	231	-42
Careless Driving	47	33	24	20	63	56	43	38	124	200	-76
Dangerous Driving	7	3	2	2	3	6	6	8	14	23	-9
Causing Death by Dangerous Driving	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	-1
All Other Traffic Offences	742	998	990	841	767	391	765	754	3571	2677	894
Traffic Offences Total	1875	2332	1800	1430	1359	809	1402	1410	7437	4980	2457

Traffic statistics for 2018 reflect a stark increase in traffic enforcement across a number of categories, and a corresponding drop in the overall number of road traffic collisions. However, the number of road deaths climbed from six (6) to eight (8).